Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants
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DLF City Phase - II,
Gurugram - 122 002,
Haryana, India

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF ROYAL ENFIELD NORTH AMERICA LIMITED

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **ROYAL ENFIELD NORTH AMERICA LIMITED** ("the Company"), a Company incorporated in the United States of America, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation of these Ind AS Financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India and accounting policies followed by Eicher Motors Limited, the Holding Company as per Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on effectiveness of the Company's internal controls. An audit also



Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India and accounting policies followed by Eicher Motors Limited, the Holding Company, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2017, and its loss, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Further, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any litigation pending at the year-end Refer Note 29 to the financial statements;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses- Refer Note 34 to the financial statements;

Restriction on use and distribution

These Ind AS financial statements have been prepared for purposes of providing information to Eicher Motors Limited to enable it to prepare the consolidated financial statements of the group. The financial information may, therefore, not be suitable for another purpose.

FOR DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Jaideep Bhargava Partner

(Membership No. 90295)

GURUGRAM, May 5, 2017

D

(Amount in USD)	SD)	in US	(Amount
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			As at	As at
	Particulars	Note No.	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
	ASSETS			
1	Non-current assets	1 , 1	3,13,371	1,65,063
1	(a) Property, plant and equipment	4	2,968	549
	(b) Other intangible assets	5	2,308	2.3
- 1	(c) Financial assets	6	13,280	5
1	(i) Investments	7	3,100	3,000
	(ii) Other financial assets	8 8	3,125	*:
- 1	(d) Other non-current assets (e) Deferred Tax assets	9		6,82,810
1	(e) Deferred Tax assets Total Non-Current Assets	1	3,35,844	8,51,422
2	Current assets (a) Inventories	10	32,99,232	20,02,764
	(b) Financial assets	11	5,69,412	2,34,597
	(i) Trade receivables	11 12	2,34,041	6,44,959
- 1	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	7	14,402	=
- 1	(iii) Other financial assets (c) Other current assets	8	79,497	19,050
	(c) Other current assets Total Current Assets	1 *	41,96,584	29,01,370
+	Total Assets		45,32,428	37,52,792
В	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1		4.5	27.42.604	23,32,601
- 1	(a) Equity share capital	13 14	27,42,601 (56,15,696)	(13,25,455
- 1	(b) Other equity		(28,73,095)	10,07,146
- 1	Total Equit	1	(26,73,033)	10,07,210
2	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	15	68,50,000	72
	(ii) Trade payables	16	2,35,497	25,48,572
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	17	2,84,845	1,31,697
	(b) Other current liabilities	18	35,181	65,377
	Total Current Liabilitle	S	74,05,523	27,45,646
_	Total Equity and Liabilities		45,32,428	37,52,792
	See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1 to 35		

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Jaideep Bhargava

Partner

Place: Gurugram
Date: 5-5-8017

For and on Behalf of Board of Directors

Director

Sign Royal Enfield North America Limited

ROYAL ENFIELD NORTH AMERICA LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

(Amount In USD)

		1	For the Year ended March	For the Period March 23, 2015
Particu	lars	Note No.	31, 2017	to March 31, 2016
Contin	uing Operations			2 22 025
1	Revenue from operations	19	24,23,558	3,22,925 349
11	Other income	20	427	
Ш	Total Income (I+II)		24,23,985	3,23,274
IV E	Expenses		22.24.602	22,58,972
	a) Purchases of stock-in-trade	21	33,24,692	
	b) Change in inventories of stock-in-trade	22	(12,62,378)	10,94,551
	c) Employee benefits expenses	23	22,26,134	10,94,551
	d) Finance costs	24	1,13,615	7,939
	e) Depreciation and amortisation expenses	25	65,903	
	f) Other expenses	26	15,63,450	9,72,841
	Total expenses (IV)		60,31,416	23,31,539
v	Profit/(Loss) before tax(III - IV)		(36,07,431)	(20,08,265)
VI .	Tax expense			-3
	(1) Current tax		6.03.040	(6,82,810)
	(2) Deferred tax charge/(benefit)	27	6,82,810	(6,82,810)
	Total tax expense		6,82,810	(0,02,010)
VII	Profit/(Loss) for the year/ period (V - VI)		(42,90,241)	(13,25,455)
Out we	comprehensive income		S	545
	Comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(42,90,241)	(13,25,455
	Earning per share (for continuing operations) in USD			
	(1) Basic		1	
	• •	30	(42.90)	(13.25
	(2) Diluted (No Face value of shares defined as such)		(42.90)	(13.25
	,			
See a	ccompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1 to 35		

in terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP **Chartered Accountants**

na Jaideep Bhargava Partner

Place: Gurugram
Date: 5-5-201+

For and on Behalf of Board of Directors

Walth Lalit Malik

Lalit Malik
Director
Royal Enfield North America Limited

- 1	Amount	in	USD

Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Period March 23, 2015
Particulars	March 31, 2017	to March 31, 2016
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	9	
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(42,90,241)	(13,25,455)
Adjustments for:	1	
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	65,903	7,939
Finance costs	1,13,615	25 000 TO NOT HAVE UN
Deferred tax charge/(benefit)	6,82,810	(6,82,810)
Operating profit/(loss) before changes in working capital	(34,27,913)	(20,00,326)
Movements in working capital:	William Product	
(Increase) / decrease in Other current financial assets	(14,402)	s _ 5
(Increase) / decrease in Inventories	(12,96,468)	(20,02,764)
(Increase) / decrease in Trade receivables	(3,34,815)	(2,34,597)
(Increase) / decrease in Other current assets	(60,447)	(22,050)
(Increase) / decrease in Other non- current financial assets	(100)	
Increase / (decrease) in Trade payables	(23,13,075)	
Increase / (decrease) in Other financial liabilities	1,04,315	1,31,697
Increase / (decrease) in Other current liabilities	(30,196)	65,377
Cash used in operating activities (A)	(73,73,101)	(15,14,091)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for Property, plant and equipment (Including capital advances)	(2,28,573)	(1,73,551)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	8,818	3
Investment in share capital of subsidiary company	(13,280)	3
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(2,33,035)	(1,73,551)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest paid	(64,782)	
Proceeds from short term borrowings	68,50,000	15
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	4,10,000	23,32,601
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)	71,95,218	23,32,601
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A) $+$ (B) $+$ (C)	(4,10,918)	6,44,959
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year/ period	6,44,959	E4X
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year/ period	2,34,041	6,44,959

(Amount in USD)

Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Period March 23, 2015
rai (iculais	March 31, 2017	to March 31, 2016
Components of cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks: In current accounts Total cash and cash equivalents	282 2,33,759 2,34,041	6,44,958 6,44,959

In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants

na Jaideep Bhargava Partner

Place: Gurugram
Date: 5-5-2017

For and on Behalf of Board of Directors

Director

Royal Enfield North America Limited

ROYAL ENFIELD NORTH AMERICA LIMITED Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2017

a. Equity share capital

(Amount in USD)

Particulars	Equity share capital
Opening Balance	
Changes in equity share capital during the period	23,32,601
Balance at March 31, 2016	23,32,601
Changes in equity share capital during the year	4,10,000
Balance at March 31, 2017	27,42,601

b. Other Equity

(Amount in USD)

Particulars	Retained earnings
Opening Balance	a=
Profit/ (loss) for the period	(13,25,455)
Balance at March 31, 2016	(13,25,455)
Profit/ (loss) for the year	(42,90,241)
Balance at March 31, 2017	(56,15,696)

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Jaideep Bhargava

Partner

Place: Gurugram Date: 5-5-2017 For and on Behalf of Board of Directors

Sign Royal Enfield North America Limited

Place: Gurugram

Date: 5-5-2017

Notes forming part of financial statements

1. General Information

RENA was incorporated on March 23, 2015 as Wisconsin Stock For Profit Corporation under chapter 180 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Company is into trading of two wheelers, spares and accessories in the United States of

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared for enabling Eicher Motors Limited, Holding Company, to prepare its consolidated financial statements.

2. Basis of preparation and presentation

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IND-AS's notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

2.2 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

2.3 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products/ activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realization in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

3.1 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are dispatched and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- · the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

3.2 Leasing

Rental expense from operating leases is generally recognised on a straight line basis over the term of relevant lease. Where the rentals are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increase, such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.





Notes forming part of financial statements

3.3 Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of the Company transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

3.4 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

3.5 Employee benefits

Employee benefits include social security and medicare contribution. All employee benefits payable/available within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences and bonus etc., are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

3.6 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period-

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax is recognised, subject to the consideration of prudence on timing differences, being the Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.



Notes forming part of financial statements

3.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment and Furniture are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Asset	Useful life	
Leasehold improvements	5 years	
Equipment and Electrical Fittings	5 years	
Office Equipment	5 years	
Computers-End user devices	3 years	
Furniture & fixtures	5 years	
Vehicles	5 years	

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

3.8 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Estimated useful lives of intangible assets

Intangible assets, comprising of software, are amortised on a straight line method over a period of 3 years.

3.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a moving weighted average. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

3.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

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Notes forming part of financial statements

3.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3.12 Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets.

Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

3.13 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' Line item.

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired.





Notes forming part of financial statements

3.14 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) after tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

3.15 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The Company has not issued any potential equity shares and accordingly the basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share is the same

3.16 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company accounting policies described above, the management of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. However, there are no areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

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Gross block (At cost)As at March 1 angible assetsAdditions 4 uring the yearDeductions 4 uring the yearAdditions 4 uring the yearAs at March 4 uring the 31, 2016 yearAs at March 4 uring the 31, 2016 yearAs at March 4 uring the 31, 2017 31, 2016 31, 2016 32, 2017Tangible assets17,21617,216Tools and electrical fittings38,39848,23586,633Furniture and fixtures4,35419,15023,504Office equipment10,05638,37648,432								25	+ block
As at March 31, 2016 during the 4 during the year year year 4,354 19,150 - 10,056 38,376 - 10,056 38,376 - 10,056 38,376 - 10,056 38,376 - 10,056 38,376	Gross block (At cost)			Depr	Depreciation			Net block
38,398 48,235 4,354 19,150 10,056 38,376	As at March during the 31, 2016 year		at March 1, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	For the year	Adjustments	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
38,398 48,235 4,354 19,150 10,056 38,376									
38,398 48,235 - 4,354 19,150 - 10,056 38,376									
38,398 48,235 - 4,354 19,150 - 10,056 38,376	300	¥	17,216	ı	1,572	(%)	1,572	15,644	Æ
4,354 19,150 - 10,056 38,376 -	38,398	Ţ	86,633	269	19,512	€.	20,209	66,424	37,701
10,056 38,376	4,354	Ĉ	23,504	318	3,313	1	3,631	19,873	4,036
		*	48,432	1,204	9,298	Э	10,502	37,930	8,852
120.126 99.126 11,100 2,08,152	1.20.126	11,100	2,08,152	5,652	31,282	2,282	34,652	1,73,500	1,14,474
1.72.934 2.22.103 11,100	1,72,934	11,100	3,83,937	7,871	64,977	2,282	70,566	3,13,371	
177.934		,	1,72,934	200	7,871		7,871		1,65,063

5. Ilitaligidie assets		Gross block (At cost	(At cost)			Amo	Amortisation		Ne	Net block
Assets	As at March 31, 2016	Additions during the	Deductions during the	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	For the year	As at March 31, For the year Adjustments 2016	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2017 As at March 31, 2017 As at March 31, 2016
Intangible assets	617	3.345		3,962	89	926	(4)	994	2,968	
Collibrated Softwares		617		617		89		89		549

6. Investments

(Amount in USD)

March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
13,280	(4)
13,280	
	13,280

Note: The investment in subsidiary company is carried at cost.

7. Other financial assets

(Amount in USD)

			(Amount in Oao).
Particulars		As at	As at
		March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Non-current			
Unsecured, considered good Security deposits		3,100	3,000
	Гotal	3,100	3,000
Current			
Unsecured, considered good Others		14,402	26
	Total	14,402	51

Note :The financial assets are carried at amortised cost

8. Other assets

(Amount in USD)

		As at	As at
Particulars		March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Non-current Unsecured, considered good Capital advances		3,125	ā
	Total	3,125	3
Current Unsecured, considered good Other advances Prepaid expenses		79,497	19,050
	Total	79,497	19,050

9. Deferred tax Assets

(Amount in USD)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Business loss carried forward*		6,82,810
Total	(4)	6,82,810

^{*} In view of tax losses in current year and unabsorbed tax losses of previous year, deferred tax assets has not been recognised in these financial statements

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10. Inventories

(At lower of cost and net realisable value)

(Amount in USD)

Particulars		As at	As at
		March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Stock-in-trade (Two Wheelers) Stock-in-trade (Spares & Allied Products)		25,81,312 6,83,830	19,30,250 72,514
(includes Goods in transit USD 10,986 (previous period USD 47,526) Packing Material and Others		34,090	*
	Total	32,99,232	20,02,764

- -The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year was USD 21,33,591 (previous period USD 260,088)
- -The cost of inventories recognised as an expense includes an amount of USD 10,298 (previous period Nil) in respect of write-down of inventory to net realisable value
- -Inventory of current as well as previous period are expected to be recovered within 12 months.

11. Trade receivables

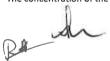
(Amount in USD)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Current Unsecured, considered good	5,69,412	2,34,597
Tot	5,69,412	2,34,597

-Based on past trends of the doubtful debts, the Company has not anticipated any expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables.

Age of receivables		(Amount in USD)	
Particulars		As at	As at
		March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Within the credit period		5,56,416	2,34,597
Upto 6 months		12,996	3
More than 6 months			
	Total	5,69,412	2,34,597

-The concentration of the credit risk is very limited due to the fact that the customer base is segregated and unrelated.



12. Cash and cash equivalents

(Amount in USD)

As at	As at
March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
282	1
2,33,759	6,44,958
2,34,041	6,44,959
	March 31, 2017 282 2,33,759

13. Share capital

(Amount in USD)

As at rch 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
27,42,601	73 32 601
	23,32,001
27,42,601	23,32,601
23.32.601	
4,10,000 27,42,601	23,32,601 23,32,601

Note: 100% Equity Share Capital is held by Eicher Motors Limited, the Parent Company

14. Other equity

(Amount in USD)

March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
(13,25,455) (42,90,241)	(13,25,455)
(56,15,696)	(13,25,455)
	(42,90,241)

15. Borrowings

(Amount in USD)

As at	As at
March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
68,50,000	×
al 68,50,000	5
	March 31, 2017 68,50,000

Unsecured Short Term loans are against Corporate Guarantee given by the Parent Company, Eicher Motors Limited.

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16. Trade payables

(Amount in USD)

Particulars		As at	As at
Facticulars		March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Trade payables		2,35,497	25,48,572
	Total	2,35,497	25,48,572
	Total	2,35,497	2!

17. Other financial liabilities

(Amount in USD)

t	As at
7	March 31, 2016
.2	1,31,697
3	
.5	1,31,697
_	,845

18. Other liabilities

(Amount in USD)

Particulars	As at	As at
ratteuals	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Current Statutory remittances	35,181	65,377
Total	35,181	65,377

19. Revenue from operations

(Amount in USD)

		For the Year ended March	For the Period March
Particulars		31, 2017	23, 2015 to March 31,
		31, 2017	
			2016
Revenue from operations			
Sale of goods		24,23,558	3,22,925
5.00000	Total	24,23,558	3,22,925
0			
Particulars		For the Year ended March	For the Period March
, as tradition		31, 2017	23, 2015 to March 31,
			2016
Details of products sold			
Two-Wheelers		23,08,013	3,22,925
Spare parts and other allied products		1,15,545	13
	Total	24,23,558	3,22,925
7			

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20. Other income

(Amount in USD)

For the Year ended March	For the Period March
31, 2017	23, 2015 to March 31,
	2016
427	349
427	349

21. Purchases of stock-in-trade

(Amount in USD)

For the	Year ended March	For the Period March
	31, 2017	23, 2015 to March 31,
		2016
	26,10,869 7,13,823	21,86,458 72,514
Total	33,24,692	22,58,972
		26,10,869 7,13,823

22. Change in inventories of stock-in-trade

(Amount in USD)

For the Year ended March	For the Period March
31, 2017	23, 2015 to March 31,
	2016
32.65.142	20,02,764
32,65,142	20,02,764
20,02,764	
20,02,764	
(12,62,378)	(20,02,764)
	31, 2017 32,65,142 32,65,142 20,02,764 3 20,02,764

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23. Employee benefits expenses

(Amount in USD)

Particulars	For the Year ended March	For the Period March
	31, 2017	23, 2015 to March 31,
		2016
Salaries cost Payroll taxes Staff welfare expenses	20,88,811 1,35,232 2,091	
Total	22,26,134	10,94,551

24. Finance costs

(Amount in USD)

For the Year ended March	For the Period March
31, 2017	
	2016
92,401 21,214	왕) 왕
tal 1,13,615	
1	92,401 21,214

25. Depreciation and amortisation expenses

(Amount in USD)

For the Year ended March	For the Period March
31, 2017	23, 2015 to March 31,
	2016
64,977 926	7,871 68
65,903	7,939
	31, 2017 64,977 926

26. Other expenses

(Amount in USD)

Stores and spares consumed Fixed assets discarded Power and fuel Insurance Repairs and maintenance Buildings Others Rates and taxes Advertisement Freight and handling charges Incentives Other selling and distribution expenses Rent Legal and professional charges Development expenses Development expenses Miscellaneous expenses 31, 2017 71,278 5,858 5,850 5,800 10 10 11 11 12 12 12 12 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 17 16 17 17 18 18 19 19 19 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	(Amount		(Amount in USU)
Stores and spares consumed 71,278 Fixed assets discarded 5,858 Fixed assets discarded 5,800 Fixed assets discarded 7,800 Fixed assets discarded 7,801 Fixed assets discarded 7,801 Fixed assets discarded 7,801 Fixed assets discarded 7,802 Fixed assets discarded 7	Particulars	For the Year ended March	For the Period March
Stores and sparse softwares Stores and maintenance Stores an		31, 2017	23, 2015 to March 31,
Stores and spares contents Stores and spares contents			2016
Stores and spartes considered Stores and spartes Sto			
Section Sect	Stores and spares consumed		3,880
Sample S	Fixed assets discarded		=
Repairs and maintenance Buildings Others Others Rates and taxes Advertisement Freight and handling charges Incentives Other selling and distribution expenses Rent Legal and professional charges Payment to Auditor Travelling expenses Development expenses Miscellaneous expenses Miscellaneous expenses 9,922 2,7,562 2,7,562 3,860 3 3,9327 1 1,39,327 1 1,39,327 1 1,40,000 2,46,035 2,4 2,69,773 4 3,63,85 2,7,086 2,3 3,27,086 2,3 3,27,086 2,3 3,591	Power and fuel		1,109
Buildings 9,922 Others 27,524 Rates and taxes 27,562 Advertisement 7,860 Freight and handling charges 1,39,327 Incentives 10,000 Other selling and distribution expenses 4,66,035 Rent 2,09,773 Legal and professional charges 64,749 Payment to Auditor 6,385 Travelling expenses 3,27,086 Development expenses 3,591 Miscellaneous expenses 97,639	Insurance	83,061	11,374
Buildings 9,922 Others 27,524 Rates and taxes 27,562 Advertisement 7,860 Freight and handling charges 1,39,327 Incentives 10,000 Other selling and distribution expenses 4,66,035 Rent 2,09,773 Legal and professional charges 64,749 Payment to Auditor 6,385 Travelling expenses 3,27,086 Development expenses 3,591 Miscellaneous expenses 97,639	Repairs and maintenance		
Others 27,562 Rates and taxes 7,860 Advertisement 7,860 Freight and handling charges 1,39,327 Incentives 10,000 Other selling and distribution expenses 4,66,035 2,09,773 Rent 2,09,773 4 Legal and professional charges 64,749 3,3 Payment to Auditor 6,385 Travelling expenses 3,27,086 2,3 Development expenses 3,591 Miscellaneous expenses 97,639 3	l '		2,500
Advertisement 7,860 Advertisement 1,39,327 Incentives 10,000 Other selling and distribution expenses 4,66,035 2,09,773 Rent 2,09,773 4 Legal and professional charges 64,749 3,29 Payment to Auditor 6,385 Travelling expenses 3,27,086 2,3 Development expenses 3,591 Miscellaneous expenses 97,639	Others	27,524	9,558
Travelling expenses 1,39,327 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Rates and taxes		4,017
Freight and handling charges 1,39,327 Incentives 10,000 Other selling and distribution expenses 4,66,035 2,4 Rent 2,09,773 4 Legal and professional charges 64,749 3,3 Payment to Auditor 6,385 7 Travelling expenses 3,27,086 2,3 Development expenses 3,591 97,639 Miscellaneous expenses 97,639 3	Advertisement	7,860	30,698
Incentives	Freight and handling charges	1,39,327	14,550
Other selling and distribution expenses 4,66,035 2,4 Rent 2,09,773 2 Legal and professional charges 64,749 3,3 Payment to Auditor 6,385 3,27,086 2,3 Travelling expenses 3,27,086 2,3 Development expenses 3,591 3,591 Miscellaneous expenses 97,639 3,591		10,000	9,000
Rent 2,09,773 4 Legal and professional charges 64,749 3,3 Payment to Auditor 6,385 3,27,086 2,3 Travelling expenses 3,27,086 2,3 Development expenses 3,591 3,591 Miscellaneous expenses 97,639 3,591		4,66,035	2,45,075
Legal and professional charges 64,749 3,3 Payment to Auditor 6,385 Travelling expenses 3,27,086 2,3 Development expenses 3,591 Miscellaneous expenses 97,639	-	2,09,773	49,886
Payment to Auditor Travelling expenses Development expenses Miscellaneous expenses 97,639	V	64,749	3,31,792
Travelling expenses 3,27,086 2,3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		6,385	6,038
Development expenses 3,591 Miscellaneous expenses 97,639	· ·	3,27,086	2,31,596
Miscellaneous expenses 97,639	1	3,591	440
	· · ·	97,639	21,328
Total 15,63,450 9,	Tribecharicous expenses	1	
	To	otal 15,63,450	9,72,841

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27. Income tax recognised in Statement of profit and loss

(Amount In USD)

Particulars	For the Year ended March	For the Period March 23, 2015
T di (icalor)	31, 2017	to March 31, 2016
Current tax		
In respect of the current year/period		~
Deferred tax charge/ (benefits)	6.00.040	(6,82,810)
In respect of the current year/period	6,82,810	(6,82,810)
1 to no congression to the congr	5.03.010	(6,82,810)
Total income tax expense recognised in the current year/period	6,82,810	(0,02,010)

The income tax expense for the year/period can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

(Amount in USD)

Particulars	For the Year ended March	For the Period March 23, 2015
Falticulais	31, 2017	to March 31, 2016
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(36,07,431)	(20,08,265)
Income tax calculated as per rates @ 34% Effect of unused tax losses and tax offsets not recognised as deferred tax assets in the	(12,26,527)	(6,82,810)
	19,09,336	.
current year Net Effect	6,82,810	*
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	6,82,810	-
intention tax expenses a see Direct and East a see		3



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28. Commitments

The Company has commitments, for purchase/sales orders which are issued after considering requirements per operating cycle for purchase /sale of goods and services, employee's benefits including agreement in normal course of business. The Company does not have any long term commitments or material non-cancellable contractual commitments/contracts, which might have material impact on the financial statements.

29. The Company does not have any litigation during the year/period or any litigation pending at the year/ period end.

30. Earnings per share

(Amount in USD)

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2017	For the Perlod March 23, 2015 to March 31, 2016
a) Profit/ (Loss) for the year/ period, as per statement of profit	(42,90,241)	(13,25,455)
and loss b) Weighted average number of equity shares (Nos.)	1,00,000	1,00,000
c) Earnings per share: - Basic/Diluted [(a)/(b)]	(42.90)	(13.25)

31. Segment reporting:

As the Company's business activities fall within a single primary business segment viz. "Automobile products and related components" and operates in a single geographical separate segment, the disclosure requirements of Ind AS 108 "Operating segment" prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder, are not applicable.

32. Related party disclosures

a) Names of related parties and their relationship:

Name of related party	Nature of Relationship	
Eicher Motors Limited (EML)	Holding Company	
Royal Enfield Canada Limited (RECA)	Subsidiary Company	

b) Transactions with the related parties

(Amount in USD)

Particulars		RECA	
Particulars	For the Year ended March	For the Period March 23, 2015	For the Year ended
	31, 2017	to March 31, 2016	March 31, 2017
Issue of share capital	4,10,000	23,32,601	/4
Subscription to Share Capital of subsidiary company			13,280
Guarantee taken	73,70,000	36,30,000	
Purchase of stock-in-trade	28,49,188	22,42,664	74
Sale of Stock in Trade		3	2,63,363
Purchase of fixed assets	15,777	67,021	
Payment on behalf of EML	4,100	-	
Expenses reimbursed	95,093	28,229	
Expenses recovered			10,910
Moneys received on behalf of other company	(-		1,97,724
Aggregate balances outstanding as at the year end			
- Payables	1,11,692	22,66,941	10,615
- Receivables			95,949
- Guarantee taken	110,00,000	36,30,000	

Note: Royal Enfield Canada Limited (RECA) was incorporated on April 19, 2016. Hence, there are no related party transactions for the previous period.

33. Financial instruments

Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Capital structure of the Company consists of borrowings and total equity of the Company.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company reviews the capital structure of the Company on regular basis. As part of this review, the Company considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

The gearing ratio at end of reporting year was as follows

(Amount In USD)

Debts Total equity

68,50,000

Net debt equity ratio (%)

27,42,601 249.76

Disclosure and Categories of financial instruments

This section provides additional information on balance sheet items that contain financial instruments:-

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values :-

Level 1: This level includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: This level includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: This level includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

The following table categorise the financial instruments measured at fair value accompanied into Level 1 to Level 3, as described above:

	Carrying amount	Fair value		(Amount in USD)
	As at March 31, 2016	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Non-current				
Other financial assets	3,000	0		
Current	_,,	-		**
Trade receivables	2,34,597	*	ia i	
Cash and bank balances	6,44,959		-	5
Total	8,82,556		a a	
Current - Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	25,48,572			
Other financial liabilities	1,31,697			167
Total	26,80,269			(4)

	Carrying amount		Fair value	(Amount in USD)
	As at March 31, 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level
Financial assets at cost	***************************************			
Non-current				
Investment in subsidiary	13,280	**		
Financial assets at amortised cost Non-current				
Other financial assets Current	3,100		2	
Trade receivables	5,69,412			
Cash and bank balances	2,34,040		*	2
Total	8,19,832			
Current - Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	68,50,000			
Trade payables	2,35,497		- 1	68,50,000
Other financial liabilities	2,84,845		- 5	*
Total	73,70,342		7.5	68.50.000

Notes

Fair value of cash and other deposits, trade and other receivables, trade payables, other financial liabilities and other financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments or receivable/payable on demand.

The fair value for borrowings were calculated on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risk.

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33.1 Financial risk management objectives and Policies

The Company's management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company. These risks include interest risk and

Exposure to Interest rate risk

Other financial liabilities

(Amount in USD)

			As at	As at
			March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Floating rate borrowings			68,50,000	
- W				
Interest rate sensitivity		Fe hofern tou		(Amount in USD)
A change of 25 basis points in intere:	st rates would have following impact o	on pront before tax.	As at	As at
				March 31, 2016
			March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
25 bp Increase - Decrease in profit			6,207	3
			6,207	The state of the s
25 bp decrease - Increase in profit			6,207	
25 bp decrease - Increase in profit			6,207	(Amount in USD)
Liquidity risk	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	>S Years	(Amount in USD)
Liquidity risk As at March 31, 2016	Less than 1 year 25,48,572	1 to 5 years		
Liquidity risk			>5 Years	Tota
Liquidity risk As at March 31, 2016 Trade payables	25,48,572		>5 Years	Tota 25,48,572
Liquidity risk As at March 31, 2016 Trade payables Other financial liabilities	25,48,572		>5 Years	Tota 25,48,572 1,31,697
As at March 31, 2016 Trade payables Other financial liabilities As at March 31, 2017	25,48,572 1,31,697	E.	>5 Years	Tota 25,48,572 1,31,697 (Amount in USD) Tota
Liquidity risk As at March 31, 2016 Trade payables Other financial liabilities	25,48,572 1,31,697 Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	>5 Years	Tota 25,48,572 1,31,697 (Amount in USD)

The Parent Company's financial support and operational cash flows will be sufficient to dispose the financial liabilities with in the maturity period.

34. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

35. The previous period Financial statements have been prepared for the period March 23, 2015 to March 31, 2016 whereas the current year figures are for the year ended March 31, 2017. Hence the figures for the two periods are not comparable.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Lalit Malik
Director
Royal Enfield North America Limited